



MAJIS Working Group 2 Report

MAJIS WG2 report



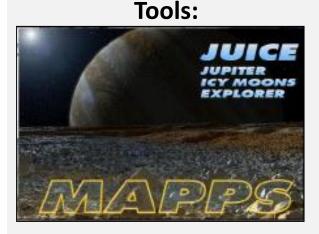


09-10/10/2019

Task: Come up with operational scenarios to fulfil the science requirements of MAJIS

The WG2 team:

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- F. Tosi
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- T. Roatsch
- F. Altieri
- H. Boehnhardt
- A. Migliorini
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- Y. Langevin





Spice Kernels (inc. WebGeoCalc)

MAJIS internal custom tools for pointing & radiometric performance model

Update since previous STM

• Level 0 analysis completed for the whole Jupiter tour

 \rightarrow Generic DV and observation strategies for all object classes & S/C events along tour

 \rightarrow Did not include distant observations of Io, MB, Europa, rings which we have identified and *will* request

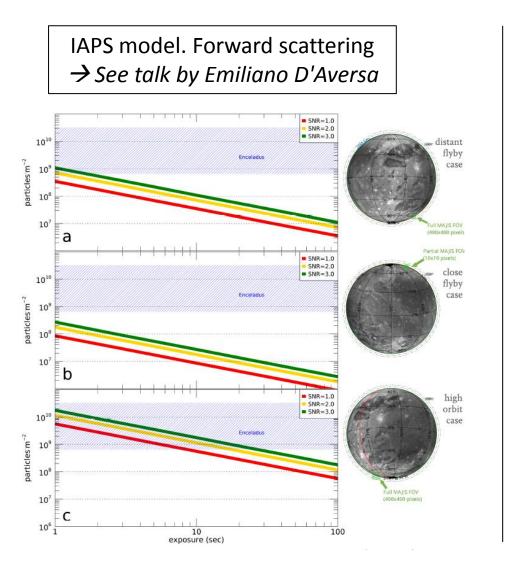
- Detailed analysis for the Europa flybys and one Ganymede flyby carried out before last STM
- Study of the Ganymede orbital phase under way (\rightarrow see also F. Tosi talk)
- Since iPDR, now have updated MAJIS power + data volume + browse products optimization
 → See other talks for latest values
- Unchanged assumption: 1.4 Gbit/day average without DSN
- S/C jitter & pointing accuracy: may be on the order of a HR MAJIS swath: difficulty in programming specific targeting of ROI if no improvement during flight.

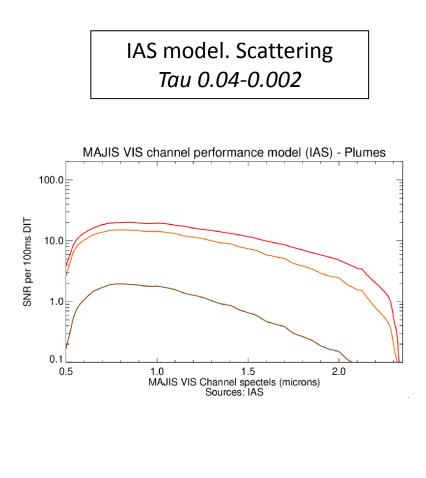
Objects under investigation

- Icy satellite surfaces from flybys
- Ganymede surface from orbit (GEO & GCOs)
- Distant observations of other satellites: Io and irregulars
- Jupiter rings
- Galilean satellite plumes

Plumes

MAJIS *should* be able to detect scattering of the solar radiance by the dust component in a plume. It may further be able to detect the composition of the grains (more difficult).

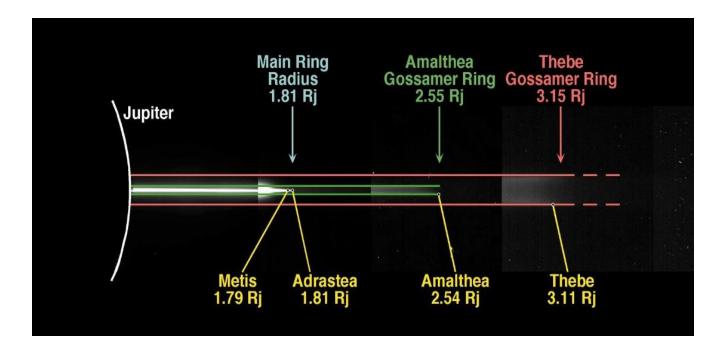




Future work: more systematic & coordinated efforts to optimize plume observational strategies

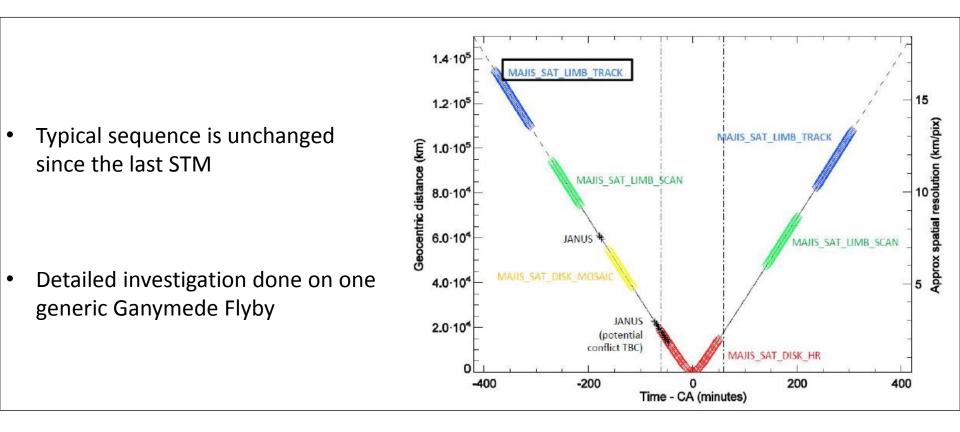
Ring observations

Planning underway (see talk by François), including many geometries & pointing opportunities



- Trade-off between observations that are best to understand structure & composition VERSUS observations that maximize weak signal to MAJIS
- +++ Synergy with JANUS is foreseen

Flybys

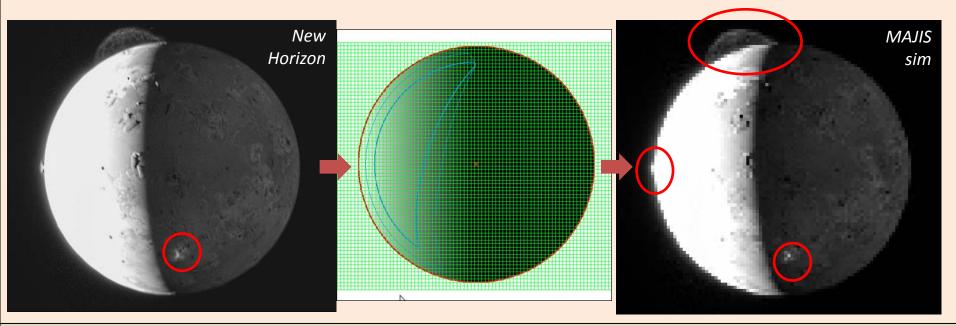


To do in the future:

- Need to prioritize some flybys: several are redundant subprobe lon/lat and/or nightside (Callisto, Ganymede) → But we need a consolidated trajectory of the Jupiter tour.
- Up to now, we implement very generic pointings for the exospheres: scanning or staring in limb, slit is tangeant or perpendicular to surface \rightarrow other ideas?

Other objects

We are foreseeing observing **Io dayside + nightside** whenever we are close enough: MAJIS resolution < 100 km/pix, best is 45 km/pix) \rightarrow Activity (hot spots, plumes) & composition.

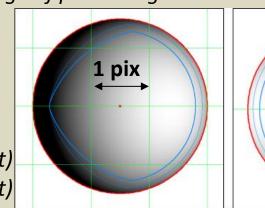


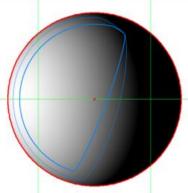
Several minor bodies are foreseen when resolved (> 1 pix)

We can do other things, e.g. un-resolved but at a range of phase angles

... if this is carefully jusitified by you







Ganymede Orbital phase

This is the next phase we are planning with ESA

- ✤ GEO+GCO-5000 are for global to regional mapping at the 100s m/pix to km/pix scale
- GCO-500 offers HR targeting of ROIs down to 75 m/pix over 30km x 8.7km patches
 - \rightarrow S/C jitter issue TBC
 - \rightarrow Low illumination conditions
 - \rightarrow Negociation with project for more frequent non yaw steering (pushbroom) waivers
- ♦ GCO-500 also offers potential for exospheric plume observations (TBD!)
 → Loosely discussed as once every couple of orbits (8 orbits per day, but 8hrs downlink)

ightarrow See talk by F. Tosi

Feedback from you

- Now is the time to think about <u>novel observations</u>:
- Target, S/C geometry, instrument setup, timing, etc.
- We are heavily constrained by the project in terms of:
- Data Volume
- Power
- Observation slots timeline
- Attitude & pointing
- Balance between science goals and between instruments

The earlier they are investigated, the more likely we will be able to accomodate them